

BMS Mini 2.1

Centralized battery management system

CONNECTION MANUAL

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1 Device description

The BMS Mini is a centralized battery management system (BMS) that provides monitoring, balancing, and protection of a lithium-ion battery. It measures voltage of each cell and the entire battery, monitors battery temperature and current. It protects the battery from overcurrent, overcharge, deep discharge, and overheating.



Figure 1. BMS Mini 2.1

The BMS Mini supports **24-, 36- and 48 volts** batteries and measures currents of up to **1200** amps.

1.1 Main functions

- Chemistry LFP (LiFePO₄ and LiFeYPO₄), LCO (LiCoO₂), LMO (LiMn₂O₄), NMC (LiNiMnCoO₂), NCA (LiNiCoAlO₂), etc.
- Number of cells in series from 6 to 18
- Voltage, volts up to 80
- Capacity from ones to thousands A×h
- Fully configurable for different types of batteries (voltage levels, capacity, protections levels and delays)
- Determination of battery status:
 - State of charge (SOC)
 - Depth of discharge (DOD)
 - o State of health (SOH)
 - Effective capacity
 - o Cell resistance
 - Cycles counter

- o Energy counters (received, consumed, and dissipated by balancing resistors)
- Cell monitoring:
 - o Measuring voltages of every cell
 - o Measuring temperature of cells
- Current monitoring (bidirectional Hall-Effect sensor with supply voltage 5 volts)
- Battery protections:
 - Overcurrent
 - Undervoltage
 - o Overvoltage
 - o High temperature
 - Low temperature
 - Heater control
 - Cooler control
 - o etc.
- Cell balancing (passive balancing at 220 mA @4.2V)
- Continuous logging on an SD card (full battery and BMS state)
- Interfaces:
 - o CAN (CANopen protocol to configure the BMS, interaction with external equipment)
 - o RS-485 (Modbus RTU)
 - o USB (to configure the BMS)
 - o Wi-Fi or GSM (optional)

1.2 Specifications

| Parameter | Value |
|--------------|-------|
| i didilictoi | Value |

| Cell chemistry | LCO, LFP, LMO, NMC, NCA, etc. | |
|---|---|--|
| Battery voltage, V | 14÷78 | |
| Number of cells | 6÷18 | |
| Number of temperature sensors | 1÷6 | |
| Type of temperature sensors | 100kOhm NTC thermistor | |
| Number of MOSFETs 1) | 4 | |
| Number of discrete inputs | 4 | |
| Number of discrete outputs | 4 | |
| Current sensor type | Hall-Effect sensor, bidirectional, supply voltage 5 V (LEM series HASS, HTFS, DHAB) | |
| Number of CAN transceivers | 1 | |
| CAN bus speed, kbps | 125, 250 (by default), 500, 1000 | |
| Number of RS-485 transceivers | 1 | |
| RS-485 baud rate, bps | 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 (by default), 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 | |
| USB 2.0 speed, Mbps | 12 | |
| Current consumption @48 V, mA, max: work (no load) standby | 30 0.2 | |

Operating conditions

| Operating temperature range, °C | -40÷85 |
|---------------------------------|--------|

^{1) –} The MOSFETs switch the charging, precharging, and discharging contactors.

1.3 Typical battery system

There is a typical battery system based on the BMS Mini in Figure 2.

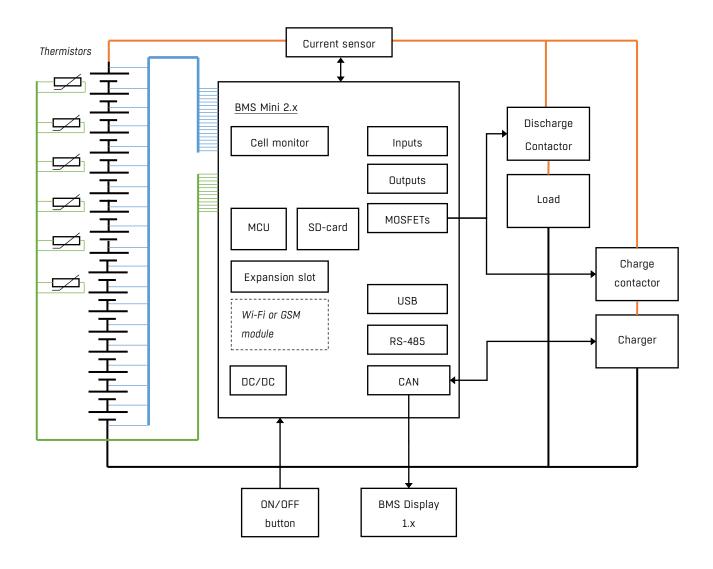


Figure 2. Block diagram of a typical battery system

1.4 Safety rules

The BMS can be connected to batteries with life-threatening and health-hazardous voltage levels. When working with high-voltage batteries, observe electrical safety regulations, use safety glasses, protective clothing, insulated tools, and appliances.

The system is not designed to work with batteries, the total voltage of which is more than 80 volts.

2 Device connection

2.1 Headers

There are names and locations of the BMS Mini headers in Figure 3.

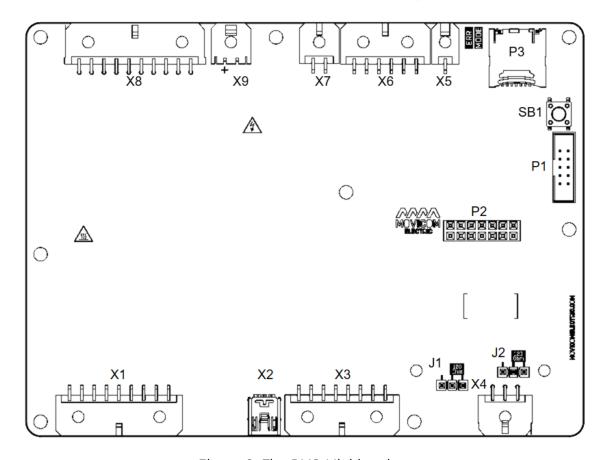
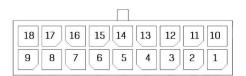


Figure 3. The BMS Mini headers

2.1.1 X1 – header for contactors.

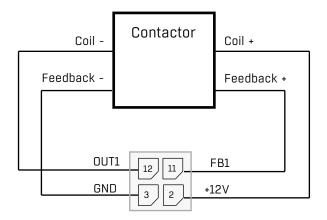


| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|------|--|
| 1 | - | - |
| 2 | +12V | Supply voltage from the internal 12V DC/DC converter |
| 3 | GND | Ground |
| 4 | +12V | Supply voltage from the internal 12V DC/DC converter |
| 5 | GND | Ground |
| 6 | +12V | Supply voltage from the internal 12V DC/DC converter |

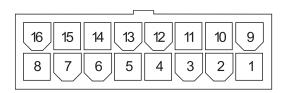
| 7 | GND | Ground |
|----|------|--|
| 8 | +12V | Supply voltage from the internal 12V DC/DC converter |
| 9 | GND | Ground |
| 10 | - | - |
| 11 | FB1 | Feedback signal from contactor 1 |
| 12 | OUT1 | Contactor control 1 (low side switch), 100V, max 5A |
| 13 | FB2 | Feedback signal from contactor 2 |
| 14 | OUT2 | Contactor control 2 (low side switch), 100V, max 5A |
| 15 | FB3 | Feedback signal from contactor 3 |
| 16 | OUT3 | Contactor control 3 (low side switch), 100V, max 5A |
| 17 | FB4 | Feedback signal from contactor 4 |
| 18 | OUT4 | Contactor control 4 (low side switch), 100V, max 5A |

ATTENTION!!!

The load should be connected to +12V and OUTx pins. The feedback signal should be connected to FBx and GND pins. Below is an example of connecting the BMS to a contactor:



- 2.1.2 X2 mini-USB connector.
- 2.1.3 X3 header for discrete inputs and outputs signals.



| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | DIN1 | Discrete input 1 "dry contact" (+5V) |

| 2 | DIN2 | Discrete input 2 "dry contact" (+5V) |
|----|-------|---|
| 3 | DIN3 | Discrete input 3 "dry contact" (+5V) |
| 4 | DIN4 | Discrete input 4 "dry contact" (+5V) |
| 5 | DOUT1 | Discrete output 1 (+5V, 20mA) |
| 6 | DOUT2 | Discrete output 2 (+5V, 20mA) |
| 7 | DOUT3 | Discrete output 3 (+5V, 20mA) |
| 8 | DOUT4 | Discrete output 4 (+5V, 20mA) |
| 9 | GND | Discrete input 1 "dry contact" (ground) |
| 10 | GND | Discrete input 2 "dry contact" (ground) |
| 11 | GND | Discrete input 3 "dry contact" (ground) |
| 12 | GND | Discrete input 4 "dry contact" (ground) |
| 13 | GND | Discrete output 1 (ground) |
| 14 | GND | Discrete output 2 (ground) |
| 15 | GND | Discrete output 3 (ground) |
| 16 | GND | Discrete output 4 (ground) |

2.1.4 X4 – header for CAN and RS485 interfaces.



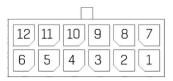
| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|---------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | RS485_B | RS485 line B |
| 2 | +5V | Isolated supply voltage 5V, max 400mA |
| 3 | CAN_L | CAN-L line of the CAN bus |
| 4 | RS485_A | RS485 line A |
| 5 | GND | Isolated ground |
| 6 | CAN_H | CAN-H line of the CAN bus |

2.1.5 X5 – header for ON/OFF button.



| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|------|---|
| 1 | BTN | Signal to turn on/off the BMS ("dry contact", +3.3V) |
| 2 | GND | Signal to turn on/off the BMS ("dry contact", ground) |

2.1.6 X6 – header for cells temperature sensors.



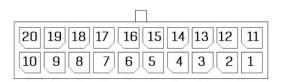
| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|--------|------------------------------|
| 1 | TEMPG1 | Ground of the thermistor 1 |
| 2 | TEMPG2 | Ground of the thermistor 2 |
| 3 | TEMPG3 | Ground of the thermistor 3 |
| 4 | TEMPG4 | Ground of the thermistor 4 |
| 5 | TEMPG5 | Ground of the thermistor 5 |
| 6 | TEMPG6 | Ground of the thermistor 6 |
| 7 | TEMP1 | Signal from the thermistor 1 |
| 8 | TEMP2 | Signal from the thermistor 2 |
| 9 | ТЕМР3 | Signal from the thermistor 3 |
| 10 | TEMP4 | Signal from the thermistor 4 |
| 11 | TEMP5 | Signal from the thermistor 5 |
| 12 | ТЕМР6 | Signal from the thermistor 6 |

2.1.7 X7 - header for current sensor.



| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|------|---|
| 1 | +5V | Supply voltage for a current sensor 5V, max 50 mA |
| 2 | GND | Ground |
| 3 | Vcs | ADC input (current sensor output) |
| 4 | Vref | Auxiliary ADC input (current sensor reference signal) |

2.1.8 X8 – header for battery cells



| Pin | Name | Description | | |
|-----|------|---|--|--|
| 1 | CO | Minus of the cell stack (for measuring purposes only) | | |
| 2 | C2 | Cell 2 | | |
| 3 | C4 | Cell 4 | | |
| 4 | C6 | Cell 6 | | |
| 5 | C8 | Cell 8 | | |
| 6 | C10 | Cell 10 | | |
| 7 | C12 | Cell 12 | | |
| 8 | C14 | Cell 14 | | |
| 9 | C16 | Cell 16 | | |
| 10 | C18 | Cell 18 (maximum potential of the cell stack, for measuring purpose only) | | |
| 11 | NC | Not connected | | |
| 12 | C1 | Cell 1 (minimum potential with respect to CO) | | |
| 13 | С3 | Cell 3 | | |
| 14 | C5 | Cell 5 | | |
| 15 | C7 | Cell 7 | | |
| 16 | C9 | Cell 9 | | |
| 17 | C11 | Cell 11 | | |
| 18 | C13 | Cell 13 | | |

| 19 | C15 | Cell 15 |
|----|-----|---------|
| 20 | C17 | Cell 17 |

2.1.9 X9 – header to power the device

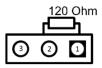


| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|-------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | VBAT+ | Supply voltage for BMS Mini |
| 2 | VBAT- | BMS Mini power ground |

Attention! The BMS Mini S device is galvanically connected to the battery (the minus of the battery is the device ground). In view of this, when a BMS Wi-Fi or BMS GSM module is connected to the device, the antenna braid will also be galvanically connected to the battery (connected to the battery negative). It is recommended to isolate the antenna cable from the battery case to prevent negative potential from appearing on the case.

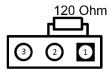
2.1.10 J1 – jumper for switching CAN bus terminal resistor

To connect the terminal resistor between the CAN_H and CAN_L lines, install the jumper J1 according to the following figure:



2.1.11 J2 – jumper for switching RS-485 terminal resistor

To connect the terminal resistor between the RS485_A and RS485_B lines, install the jumper J1 according to the following figure:



2.2 Connection procedure

2.2.1 Connecting battery cells

To connect battery cells, follow Figure 4. Incorrect connection of the cells can damage the BMS Mini.

Begin the connection with the negative line of the battery: the "CO" is connected to the "B-", then the first cell (C1) is connected, then the second (C2), etc. If not all inputs of the cells are used, then the remaining inputs are connected to the cell with the most potential.

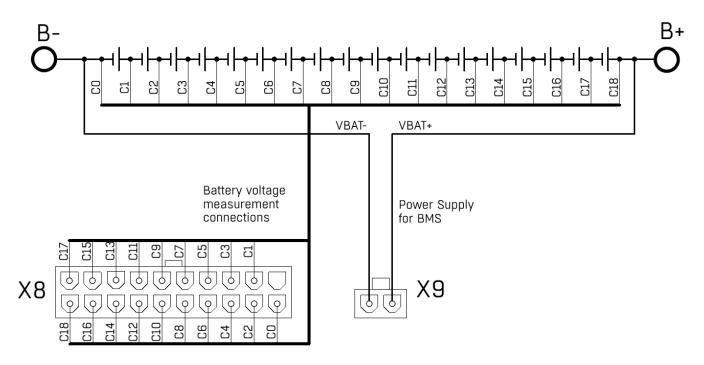


Figure 4. Connecting battery to headers X8 and X9

Attention!

Connect the battery according to the diagram, otherwise the device may be damaged.

2.2.2 Connecting thermistors

Thermistors should be fastened to the cells, excluding short circuits to the cell terminals (for example, isolate thermistors with heat shrink).

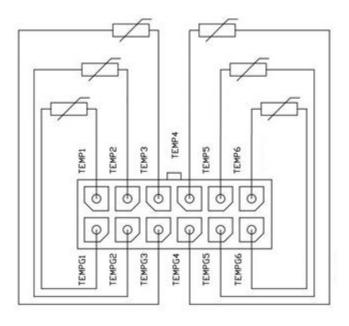


Figure 5. Connecting thermistors to header X6

2.3 Installation procedure

The mounting area of the BMS Mini must be protected from mechanical particles (dust, dirt, large objects) and water. The BMS Mini is recommended to be placed close to the cells it controls, but away from high current circuits to reduce interference to measuring circuits and increase overall reliability of installation.

The installation site must provide convenient access for subsequent connection to the device's headers for connecting other system elements: a current sensor, contactors, display panels.

The BMS Mini has a heat sink to dissipate the heat generated during the balancing of the cells. When used in enclosed enclosures, heat must be removed from the sink, otherwise it may damage the device.

Overall and mounting dimensions of the BMS Mini are shown in Figures 6 and 7.

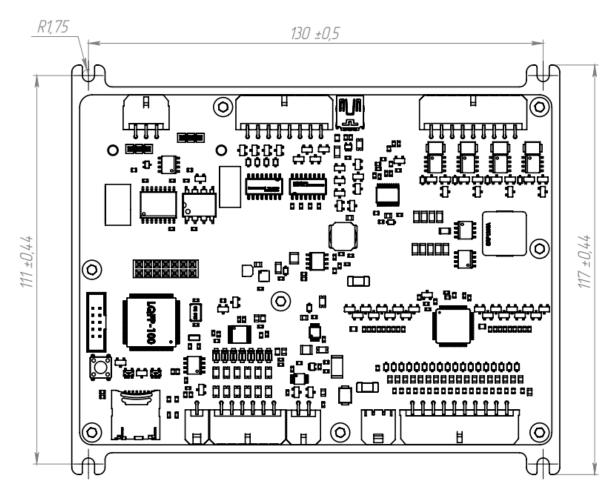


Figure 6. Dimensions of the BMS Mini (top view)

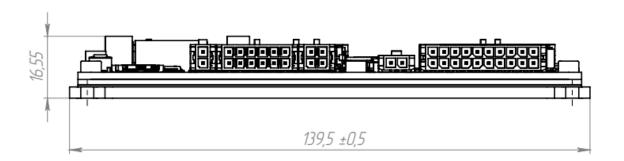


Figure 7. Dimensions of the BMS Mini (side view)

| Parameter | Value |
|--|------------------|
| Overall dimensions (length × width × height), mm | 139.5 × 117 × 17 |
| Mounting dimensions (length × width), mm | 130 × 111 |
| Mounting holes | M3 |

3 Contacts

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4 Revision history

| Rev. number | Rev. date | Changes | | |
|-------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | 18-April-2023 | First revision | | |
| 2 | 21-December-2023 | Updated the section describing X9 connector that is used to power the device | | |

| 5 | Notes | | | |
|---|-------|--|--|--|
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